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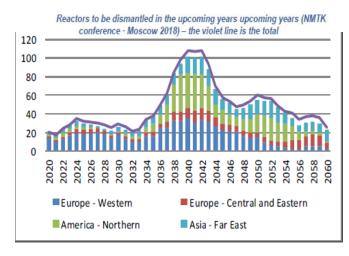


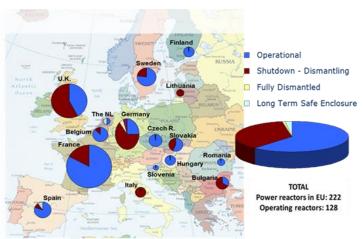


DECOMMISSIONING= SIZEABLE MARKET EXPANDING OVER THE YEARS



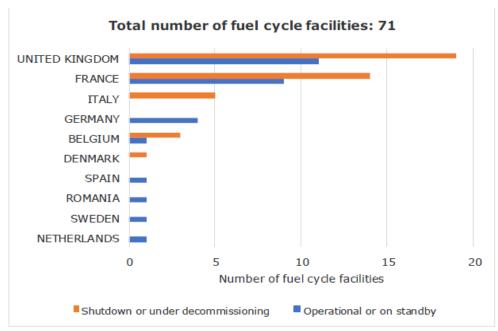
Demonstration at industrial scale is essential for the credibility of the nuclear energy option







- Huge experience but few NPPs fully dismantled in Europe (94 NPPs on permanent shutdown)
- No serial effect for Research and fuel cycle facilities, including legacy waste:
 - ✓ Wide diversity of waste such as "exotic" or highly contaminated, with no ROUTE
 - ✓ Lack of documentation
 - Need for specific technologies and processes
 - Exposed to risks such as unexpected delays, cost overruns and technical difficulties.



CHALLENGES AND ECONOMICAL STAKES IN DECOMMISSIONING



A certain level of industrial maturity for Decommissioning of rather 'standard' nuclear installations relying mostly upon proven processes and technologies e.g. for PWR)



Need to build on these : methodology and even standardization wherever

+ few possibilities of optimization/ cost reduction (digital tools, laser cutting, waste routes, etc)

But still a number of technological challenges for the decommissioning industry, eg. graphite reactors, fuel cycle back end facilities or other legacy waste



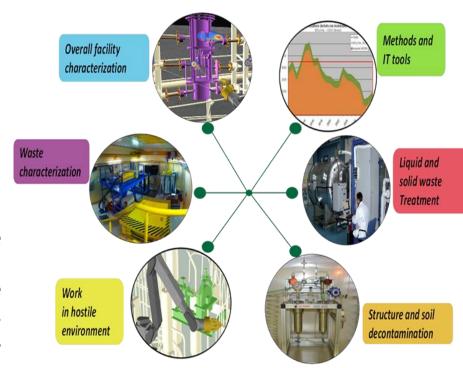
Need to accelerate projects in order to decrease fixed costs

Need for research targeted to the actual needs of end users, in a "waste-led approach"

Also, non-technological issues, e.g need to stimulate young generation on the necessary competences.



Education and training, Competence maintenance, Project management, Contracting, Dialogue with society, regulators, etc.



CONTEXT OF « SHARE » PROJECT



Situation in 2016 : need for more impulse

On one hand:

- Increasing difficulties for Individual countries to justify expenditures on new developments that can require more than 10 years to be completed
- Reluctance on sites to use innovative technologies and search for approved technologies to minimize risks
- Industrials need confidence in markets and associated business plans before investing in industrialization.

On the other hand

- Significant redundancy and duplication in current Research programmes for Decommissioning in different countries
- Already lot of cooperation (IAEA, NEA, etc.), but...
- ... few real projects in common in 2016



More impulse needed to develop and to use research and innovation in Decommissioning projects and to promote and organize at international level the co-financing of developments and demonstrators by actors with common objectives



Euratom research and training programme H2020 NFRP-2018-5: CSA "Development of a roadmap for decommissioning research aiming at safety improvement, environmental impact minimisation and cost reduction"

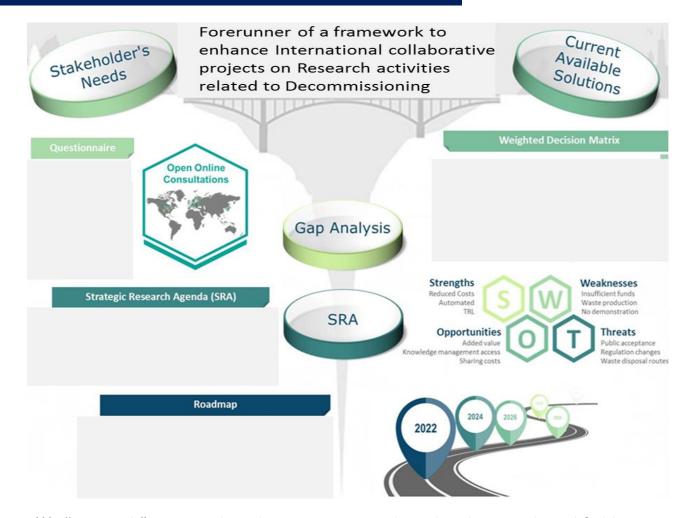
«SHARE »: StakeHolders-based Analysis of Research* for Decommissioning



- Started June 2019
- End = November 2021

- Consortium = 11 partners /10 countries
- Expert Review Panel= 18 entities / 12 countries
- Wider community: around 250 entities all along the value chain
- Support/ endorsement of IAEA, NEA, Nugenia,

https://share-h2020.eu/ linkedin.share-h2020-project



(*): "Research" = Research and Innovation in technical and non technical fields



















POINT OF SITUATION - October 2020



- Survey among 600 stakeholders during Summer 2020: asked to rank importance and urgency of their needs for Research, aiming at improving Safety, costs and optimizing Waste in Decommissioning
- 230 responses under analysis.
- In parallel, report on best practices and on-going international initiatives under review

8 fields addressed:

- 1. Safety and radiological protection aspects
- 2. Project management and costing
- 3. Human resources management
- 4. Characterisation during decommissioning
- 5. Site preparatory activities
- 6. Dismantling
- 7. Environmental remediation and site release
- 8. Management of material and radioactive waste from decommissioning

 Virtual Workshop October, 22-23d: choice of sub-fields to continue with, depending on stakeholders ranking and coordination with other EU initiative, e.g for session October 22th morning, on field « 8 », in coordination with PREDIS, ROUTE, MICADO and CHANCE.

NEXT STEPS



- -Virtual Workshop December 1-3d, open toStakeholders for inputs: presentation of results/ survey and existing situation / beginning of gap analysis
- -Gap analysis, SRA and Roadmap in 2021
- -2 other worshops of the project in 2021; hopefully face to face ...

	2-3/02	Italy	Roma	Nugenia forum
	8-12/03	USA	Phoenix	Waste Management
	17-19/03	Germany	Dresden	KONTEC 2021
	23-25/03	Norway	Halden	Digidecom
2021				NEA-China Forum on Decom.
	18-21/05	China	Beijing	& RWMC
	7-9 / 06	France	Avignon	DEM 2021
	06	France	Marcoule	NEA CPD meeting
	06	France	Marcoule	IDN meeting
	30/09-10	France	Cadarache	Congress of ATSR



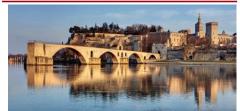
www.ife.no/digidecom-elinder-2020 www.ife.no/digidecom2021



DEM 2021,June 07-09, 2021
Palais des Papes - Avignon, France



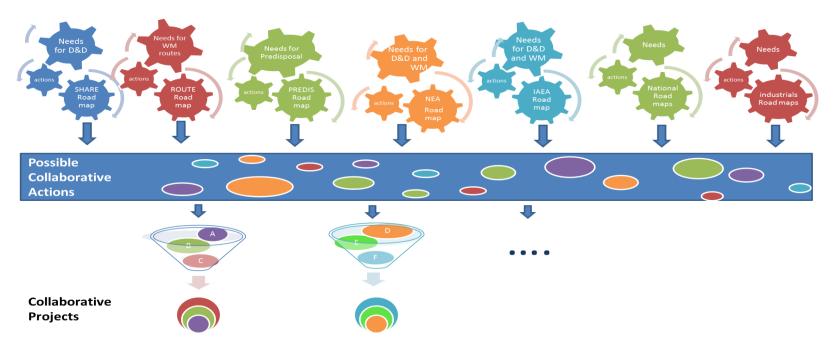
Call for abstracts !



Thanks for your attention

Hope to see you tomorrow morning!







Distribution of work / review Task 3.1 1/2



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Questionnaire Topic Area	TOPIC AREA LEADER	SUB-TOPIC LEADER	Q	D3.1 §	Sub-topic
Safety and Radiological Protection aspects		JRC	10	1.1	International harmonization of safety standards and safety approaches for Decommissioning
	IFE			1.2	Development for National regulatory guidance for Decommissioning
			11	1.2.1	- Preparatory activities
		LEI	12	1.2.2	- Dismantling
			13	1.2.3	- Clearance of structures and materials
			14	1.2.4	- Final site release
		SOGIN	15	1.3	Methods and tools nuclear safety
		SOGIN	16	1.4	Methods and tools for conventional industrial safety
		CEA/CEPN	17	1.5	Development of radiological protection approaches and guidance for Decommissioning
	CEA	LEI	19	2.1	Methodologies and software tools for comparison of alternative decommissioning strategies
		LEI	20	2.2	Methodologies and software tools for project management and performance monitoring
		VTT	21	2.3	Tools for data collection in the field (e.g. for work monitoring)
		IFE	22	2.4	Digital transformation in decommissioning (big data, business intelligence)
Project		VTT	23	2.5	Supply chain management for Decommissioning
Management and costing		IFE	24	2.6	Methods and tools for communication (public)
		SOGIN	25	2.7	Methodologies and guidance for cost estimation
		LEI	26	2.8	Software for cost estimation
		SOGIN	27	2.9	Development of mechanisms for cost benchmarking
		SOGIN	28	2.10	Methods and tools for sensitivity and uncertainty analysis in cost estimation
	IFE	IFE	30	3.1	Organisation models (staff and resources)
Human resources		IFE	31	3.2	Methods and software tools for knowledge management (e.g. competence preservation)
management		IFE	32	3.3	General education for decommissioning
		IFE	33	3.4	Methodologies and tools for task specific training
	JRC	CEA	35	4.1	Methodology for historical site assessment
		CEA	36	4.2	Inventory assessment (Radiological and non-radiological)
		NNL		4.3	Characterisation of activated components and areas
			37	4.3.1	- Metal
			38	4.3.2	- Concrete
Characterisati on during			39	4.3.3	- Graphite
decom.		ENRESA	40	4.4	Technologies for hard to access areas (high walls, embedded components, harsh environment)
u 200		CEA	41	4.5	Development of modelling and simulation software for characterisation of irradiated components
		CEA	42	4.6	Standards for statistical sampling
		CEA	43	4.7	Geostatistical software applications
		JRC	44	4.8	Sample analysis technologies
		CEA	45	4.9	Alpha and beta non-destructive measurements
Site		LEI	47	5.1	Adaption of auxiliary systems for decommissioning (ventilation, electrical, monitoring, etc.)
preparatory activities	SOGIN	SOGIN	48	5.2	Preparation of infrastructures and buildings for decommissioning (storages, capabilities for material sorting and treatment)
activities		NNL	49	5.3	Systems decontamination (internal)

Distribution of work / review task 3.1 2/2



		1					
Dismantling	кіт	SOGIN	51	6.1	Segmentation of large irradiated metallic components (reactor vessel internals, etc.)		
		KIT	52	6.2	Handling, segregation and loading of segmented elements and secondary waste		
		NNL	53	6.3	In situ Radioactive Waste characterization and segregation		
		LEI	54	6.4	Segmentation of large surface-contaminated components		
		LEI	55	6.5	Dismantling of surface-contaminated piping and small components		
		KIT	56	6.6	Segmentation of interior concrete structures (e.g., bioshield)		
		KIT	57	6.7	In situ decontamination of building surface (concrete)		
		KIT	58	6.8	Management (characterization, decontamination, removal) of radiological embedded elements		
		KIT	59	6.9	Demolition of large, reinforced concrete structures		
		KIT	60	6.10	Robots and remote controlled tools for dismantling		
Environmental	SOGIN	SCK-CEN	62	7.1	Clearance of surfaces and structures (interiors and exteriors)		
		NNL	63	7.2	Characterisation methods and technologies to identify subsurface contamination		
		NNL	64	7.3	Modelling and statistical tools to analyse contaminant transport in subsurface soil and groundwater		
remediation and Site		CEA	65	7.4	Soil remediation technologies (washing, bioremediation, contamination fixing)		
Release		SOGIN	66	7.5	Remediation of contaminated groundwater (radiological)		
		SOGIN	67	7.6	Methodologies and techniques for final release survey of the Site		
		SOGIN	68	7.7	Tools for statistical analysis and management of survey data for site release		
		ENRESA	70	8.1	Management routes for materials including radioactive waste streams		
				8.2	Radioactive material decontamination		
		I	71	8.2.1	- Mechanical		
			72	8.2.2	- electrochemical		
				8.3	Radioactive material treatment processes		
		NNL :	73	8.3.1	- metals		
			74	8.3.2	- concrete		
			75	8.3.3	- aqueous liquids		
Management of material			76	8.3.4	- non aqueous liquids		
and			77	8.3.5	- organic materials		
radioactive			78	8.3.6	- VLLW		
waste from			79	8.3.7	- LLW		
decommissioni ng			80	8.3.8	- ILW		
iig		NNL	81	8.4	Radioactive waste conditioning		
		JRC	82	8.5	Radioactive waste packaging and logistics		
		CEA	83	8.6	Characterization and survey of containerized radioactive waste		
				8.7	Material clearance		
		ENRESA	84	8.7.1	- methodology and procedures		
			85	8.7.2	- instrumentation and logistics		
		ENRESA	86	8.8	Management of hazardous and toxic materials (asbestos, lead in paint, etc.)		
		NNL	87	8.9	Conventional and cleared materials recycling (circular economy)		